Hecker Pass on the Watsonville East, Calif. U.S.G.S. map;

- (24) The boundary goes northeast on Hecker Pass Road (Highway 152) approx. .75 mile to the intersection of the 600 foot elevation contour line just west of Bodfish Creek;
- (25) It travels southeast along the 600 foot elevation contour line approx. 7.3 miles to the first intersection of the western section line of Sec. 30, T11S/R3E/R4E on the Chittenden, Calif. U.S.G.S. map;
- (26) Then it follows south along the section line approx. 1.9 miles to the south township line at Sec. 31, T11S/T12S, R3E/R4E;
- (27) It moves in an easterly direction along the township line approx. 12.4 miles to the intersection of T11S/T12S and R5E/R6E on the Three Sisters, Calif. U.S.G.S. map;
- (28) Then it goes north along R5E/R6E range line approx. 5.3 miles to Pacheco Creek on the Pacheco Creek, Calif. U.S.G.S. map;
- (29) Then it moves northeast along Pacheco Creek approx. .5 mile to Elephant Head Creek at the point of beginning

[T.D. ATF-286, 54 FR 12606, Mar. 28, 1989]

§9.127 Cayuga Lake.

- (a) Name. The name of the viticultural area described in this section is "Cayuga Lake."
- (b) Approved maps. The appropriate map for determining the boundaries of the Cayuga Lake viticultural area is one U.S.G.S. map scaled 1:250,000, titled "Elmira, New York; Pennsylvania," 1962 (revised 1978).
- (c) Boundaries. The Cayuga Lake viticultural area is located within the counties of Seneca, Tompkins, and Cayuga, in the State of New York, within the Finger Lakes viticultural area. The boundaries are as follows:
- (1) Commencing at the intersection of State Route 90 with State Route 5 in Cavuga County, north of Cavuga Lake.
- (2) Then south along State Route 90 to a point approximately one mile past the intersection of State Route 90 with State Route 326.
- (3) Then south along the primary, all-weather, hard surface road, approximately ¾ mile, until it becomes State Route 90 again at Union Springs.

- (4) Then south/southeast along State Route 90 until it intersects the light-duty, all-weather, hard or improved surface road, approximately 1.5 miles west of King Ferry.
- (5) Then south along another lightduty, all-weather, hard or improved surface road, approximately 4 miles, until it intersects State Route 34B, just south of Lake Ridge.
- (6) Then follow State Route 34B in a generally southeast direction until it intersects State Route 34, at South Lansing.
- (7) Then south along State Route 34, until it meets State Route 13 in Ithaca.
- (8) Then southwest along State Routes 34/13, approximately 1.5 miles, until it intersects State Route 79, in Ithaca.
- (9) Then west along State Route 79, approximately ½ mile, until it intersects State Route 96.
- (10) Then along State Route 96, in a generally northwest direction, until it intersects State Routes 414 and 96A in Ovid
- (11) Then north along State Routes 96/414, until they divide, approximately 2.5 miles north of Ovid.
- (12) Then along State Route 414, in a generally northeast direction, until it meets U.S. Route 20 in the town of Seneca Falls.
- (13) Then along U.S. Route 20, in a northeast direction, until it intersects State Routes 318, 89, and 5.
- (14) Then along U.S. Route 20/State Route 5, in a northeast direction, to the beginning point, at the intersection with State Route 90.

[T.D. ATF-269, 53 FR 9769, Mar. 25, 1988]

§ 9.129 Arroyo Grande Valley.

- (a) *Name*. The name of the viticultural area described in this section is "Arroyo Grande Valley."
- (b) Approved maps. The appropriate maps for determining the boundary of Arroyo Grande Valley viticultural area are four U.S.G.S. topographical maps of the 1:24,000 scale:
- (1) "Arroyo Grande, NE, California," edition of 1965, photorevised 1978.
- (2) "Tar Spring Ridge, California," edition of 1967.
- (3) "Nipomo, California," edition of 1965